natural to a free people, who watch over the public concerns, as one of their highest and

public concerns, as one of their highest and most important duties.

In meeting you on this occasion, Fellow Citizens, the Executive bid you welcome to the Seat of Government, on the conclusion of a very of peace and plenty, the benefits and bounties of which, claim from us all, the most ardent render of our gratitude to that great source, to whose benificent dispensations we owe all that we enjoy.

owe all that we enjoy.

Accountable to the legislature for the discharge of the duties which it has thought proper to confide to the Executive, it becomes proper, in the first place, to render a full account of what we have done in relation to such trusts; and this we shall do in the order in

which they were assigned.

In pursuance of a resolution of the last General Assembly, directing certain records in the Land Office of the western shore, to be rebound, the executive have examined the seve

The resolution directing the Executive to give notice, by advertisement, that sealed pro-posals would be received by them for executing the public printing of the state, has been complied with, and the proposals received are herewith submitted.

The executive caused the public acts designated in resolution No. 75, to be published in the Maryland Republican, immediately upon receiving notice of the passage of said resolu-tion; and we required of the Editor to send a copy of his paper, containing the acts, to every editor of a newspaper within the state. every enter of a newspaper within the state. Copies of said acts, properly certified, were also forwarded to the county court office, in each county, and to the office of the city court

As directed by resolution of the last General Assembly, lists of the arms distributed by the state, with the names of the persons to whom they were delivered, and of those who have, or have not, passed bonds for the same, designating each, have been transmitted to the Several brigadier-generals, who have been re- courteous, and might appear arrogant in us to

1825, we now submit a statement of the whole expense incurred in the purchase of ware-interest of the state, as appear to us calculated houses and lots, and in the erection of addi-to promote it. tional buildings, for the reception, inspection, an I storage of tobacco in the city of Bultim re. Nothing has more engrossed the public attention than the improvement of our internal purchased of Cumberland Dagm, and others.

Nothing has more engrossed the public attention than the improvement of our internal purchased of Cumberland Dagm, and others.

The new building erected on the premises purchased of Cumberland Dagm, and others.

To be a commerce among ourselves, and the introduction, within our borders, of the abundance of the man and growing products of neighbouring than a proper classification of them at night. Mingle of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately and the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are properly as a support of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of our internal variables are public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the improvement of the public appropriately as a complete of the public attention than the imp purchased of the abun-was completed early in the last spring. And introduction, within our borders, of the abun-in Murch last, the Tobacco stored in Cal-dant and growing products of neighbouring

In compliance with the directions of the Ret, would as naturally, at first, want faith to order. Until very recently, the state pendent of the United States for a deputation from the Corpse of Engineers, to survey a route for a lateral canal, to connect the Chester of the Corpse and Ohio canal with the Chester of this extensive country, and strength it be considered in the least degree at variance.

tional selections shall be made from the coanties reperting the highest numbers, until the
number of twenty shall have been selected—
Under this proviso, two have been selected
from each of the counties of Talbot, Caroline
and Anne-Arundel, and from the City of Baltimera. The one selected from Frederick,
and the only one reported from that county,
we have been informed died before being
terestwith their constituents, successive legge
these and other important trusts, confided to
their care.
The accompanying Reports from the respecttimera. The one selected from Frederick,
and the only one reported from that county,
the Susquehannah Rail Roads, and from the
cerve of the Chesapeake and Ohio. Canal company, will give you all necessary and useful
pany, will give you all necessary and useful
these and other important trusts, confided to
their care.
The accompanying Reports from the respectties and other important trusts, confided to
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The accompanying Reports from the respectties and other important trusts, confided to
their care.
The accompanying Reports from the respectties and other important trusts, confide Of the Hoase of Delegates, and Anne-Arundel, and from the City of Baltary Presidents of the Baltimore and Obio, and an event that loses nothing of its inferest by repetition, but, exemplifying the excellence of the institutions under which we live, it annually calls forth all the anxious excitement natural to a free people, who watch the countries of Talbut, Carolina The accompanying Reports from the respect-time. yet to select, to complete the number provi-ded for by the act of the General Assembly. The amount expended for this object within he present year, is for education for expenses of conveying pupils to the insti-

term of six years, and that the President shall be inelligible afterwards. Also a communica-tion from his excellency the Governor of Missouri, with a report and resolution of the Leg-islature of that state, expressing the opinion (in concurrence with the state of Georgia,) that the Congress of the United States has no power to appropriate monies to aid the colonization Society; and another resolution of the said ral record books in that office, and have directed such to be bound, as appeared to them to require it for their preservation.

In compliance with the regularity to an and Vice President, throughout the product of the triple of the provide a uniform mode of electing the President and Vice President, throughout the product of the said the constitution of the Vice President storage and the constitution of the United States so as to provide a uniform mode of electing the President storage and the constitution of the United States so as to provide a uniform mode of electing the President storage and the constitution of the United States so as to provide a uniform mode of electing the President storage and the constitution of the United States so as to provide a uniform mode of electing the President storage and the constitution of the United States so as to provide a uniform mode of electing the President storage and the constitution of the United States so as to provide a uniform mode of electing the President storage and the constitution of the United States so as to provide a uniform mode of electing the President storage and the constitution of the United States so as to provide a uniform mode of electing the president storage and the constitution of the United States storage and the constitution of the United States storage and the constitution of the Constit In compliance with the resolution requiring the executive to contract with some competent person to make two copies of the plot of the public lands westward of Fort Cumberland, a contract has been made with John Davall. Eaq. surveyor of Yane-Arundel county, for the performance of that work, who expects to complete it during the winter.

The resolution directing the Governor to Vice President, throughout the several states, and to give the people of the United States the privilege of voting directly outthe intervention of electors; reserving to the states respectively, their due weight in relation to the said elections, as is now guaranteed to them by the constitution of the United States, and to give the people of the United States, and to give the people of the United States the privilege of voting directly outthe intervention of electors; reserving to the states respectively, their due weight in relation to the said elections, as is now guaranteed to them by the constitution of the United States and to give the people of the United States the privilege of voting directly outthe intervention of electors; reserving to the states respectively, their due weight in relation to the said elections of the United States the privilege of voting directly outthe intervention of electors; reserving to the states respectively, their due weight in relation to the said election of President and Vice President, throughout the states, and to give the people of the United States the privilege of voting directly outthe intervention of electors; reserving to the states respectively, their due weight in relation to the said election of President and Vice Pre anteed to them by the constitution of the Uniconstitution of the Uniconstitution part of the efficient controlling sovereignty to leave any portion of that sovereignty destitute of the necessary means the graves of William Price and Peter Richlare members of the House of the Ho cause head and foot stones to be planted at the graves of William Price and Peter Rich. Iare members of the House of Delegates, with a paper populate enclosure around each, has been daily attended to, and the work properly actariff of 1828, is contrary to the spirit of the constitution of the United States, impolitic and oppressive in its operation on the south-ern states, and ought to be resisted by all constitutional means.?

These several resolutions being the expres sion of opinions of sister states, are entitled to respectful attention, and being upon sub-jects deeply interesting to the whole country. demand, and we doubt not will receive your

deliberate consideration.

Since the last session of the General Asembly, the office of Register of Wills for Prince George's county became vacant by the death of Mr. Tyler. The Executive appointed

Philemon Chew, esquire, to fill the vacancy. Not required by the constitution or any statute, to submit yiews of state policy or state statute, to submit views of state policy or state pregnant with crime because uninbued with such tribunals, it is submitted to the legislation concerns to the consideration of the General any that could lead to virtue. Nothing could ture, how far it would be expedient to do aon your time toan has already been done in the rendition of the account given; but the exam-ples of those who have preceded us, have established a custom which it would be un-tablished a custom from which it would be un-courteous, and might appear arrogant in us to ought to hand its authors down to future ages, how far greater accountability and economy courteous, and might appear arrogant in us to ought to hand its authors down to inture ages, quired to perform the duties enjoined by the gaid resolution. The several returns received and preferring to pursue the established course, rather than to adopt a system inconsistent with custom, or with public expectation to a work, which had been so wisely planned we submit to the two houses of the legislature and nobly executed.

The progressive ir

Nothing has more engrossed the public at in Mirch last, the Tobacco stored in Calhoun's warehouse, which had been under rent for several years was removed to the new building and the rented warehouse given up on the 1st lay of April. The new warehouse is constructed of the best materials, and the work is believed to be faithfully executed.

The swords directed by a resolution of the general assembly to be procured and presented to those distinguished officers of our Navy, Capt. Ballard and Lieutenants Mayo and Cross, were received at the council chamber in May last. They are considered fine speci-

lic enterprises.

The Executive cannot dismiss this subject

without offering their congratulations to the general assembly, and through them to their fellow citizens of Maryland, upon the comtution 806 00.

We herewith submit, for your consideration, a communication from his excellency the late Governor of Louisianna, covering a resolution of the Legislature of that State, proposing so which it has been directed, and the energy to amend the constitution of the United States. of the Legislature of that State, proposing so to amend the constitution of the United States that the President and Vice President of the United States that the President and Vice President of the United States that the President and Vice President of the United States that the President and Vice President of the United States that the President and Vice President of the United States and American United States and Americ ence, profit and natural utility that have been

anticipated.

No topic has been more frequently or more General Assembly, than that of public adu-cation. Such repetition is due to the impor-tance of the subject, and an Executive can scarcely feel that it has fully discharged its duty without continuing to recommend it, until the final accomplishment of the object. A government of opinion like our own, directed by the sentiment of its citizens. It is presumed to be founded upon public virtue and public intelligence, and will, inevitably, be rendered ineffectual, or subjected to personal discountered to the control of the control

petual danger, without them. To enlighten the public mind is the first step to chasten it, and moral sentiment can, done, be inculcated through the medium of Education. Every freeman in the State is a residence, is endowed, as he should be, with the elective franchise, it appears to us to be the imperative duty of the Legislature, to place the means of education, within the convenient attainment of all. This the people have a right to claim at your hands, and to none can they unly with her they are the convenient attainment of the convenient and to none can they make the convenient and the they apply with better assurance of being grati-fied, than to those who have been selected by

their favour, to watch over their interests.

If their be danger in popular elections, as has been conceived by some, the sure correction is to be found in moral instruction. Vice cannot be corrected by law-the severity of punishment has but a momentary influence, and native flagitiousness turns from the victin and native flagitiousness turns from the victim of the statute, forgetful of its monitions and the number of other county officers appointed by other tribunals, is left to the discretion of the number of other county officers appointed by other tribunals, is left to the discretion of eminently become a beneficient legislature as every case, by statute. An enquiry, how far it would be the fulfilment of the instruction; it would be the fulfilment of the most exalted charity from man to man; it would

The progressive improvements made in the state penitentiary are good evidence of great attention in the management of an institution cious and hardened, with those guilty of less crimes, and more accessible to the feelings of umiliation and contrition, reformation. of the objects of the institution, seems to be

The acts of criminal justice are, to protect society, by preventing a repetition of injury; to deter others by the force of example, and, as far as practicable, to reform the wicked. The exposure of those on whom an humble Cross, were received at the council chamber in May last. They are considered fine specimens of American art; and the governor had the gratification of presenting to Captain Balland and Lieutenant Mayo, these respective memmorials of their country's admiration, & of their own gallantry Lieutenant Cross be of their own gallantry Lieutenant Cross be in the would remove such obstructions, whilst those who live on a smoother surface, it is absent from the United States, on public assenting in the Council Chamber.

In compliance with the directions of the General Assembly, we applied to the President of the United States for a deputation of the United States for a deputation of the United States for a deputation of the texts. They are considered fine specition of hardened wretches, a mountain with whom, would greatly tend to frustrate one of the great objects of the system of contract and intercourse, would naturally approve of a system of their own gallantry. Lieutenant Cross be whilst those who live on a smoother surface, delightfully intersected by innumerable navigation with the benificence which with the benificence which with the benificence which with the public treasury; how far it is proper to vest such general discretion in the execution of the swing of interful the public reasury; how far it is proper to vest such general discretion in the execution in the execution of the swing of interful them that with the benificence which with the benificence which with the benificence which is supernumeration of the great objects of the system of the great objects of the system, is inconsistent with the benificence which the swing of interful them. It is the public treasury; but the strictest schemes of crimingling with the strictest schemes of execution in the execution in the execution in the execution of the debation of all uties of the attorney and sense of penitence begins to operate, to the debasing association of hardened wretches, a from the Corpse of Engineers, to survey a route for a lateral canal, to connect the Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed, without injury to the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed, without injury to the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed, without injury to the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed, without injury to the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed, without injury to the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed and ching the said chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed at the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed at the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed at the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain whether such lateral canal can be constructed at the said Chesapeake Bay, at this city, and to ascertain the the fund of the state, the redundant of the wealth & prosperity of the shole the mans of the state, the redundant whether such lateral canal can be constructed to the state, the redundant of the whole the same productions of the fertile west, and that the ascending of the whole the same productions of the fertile west, and that the same productions of the fertile west, and that the same productions of the fertile west, and that the same productions of the fertile west, and that the same productions of the fertile wes

ever been known, where a prisoner who merited relief has not readily found a pardon, nor ia it likely in time to come, that any of those unfortunate beings, who shall be brought to a proper sense of shame, contrition and correctness of conduct before the expiration of their ness of conduct before the expiration of their time of service, and to whom relief ought to be granted, will be less likely, promptly to obtain it. And until such manifestations of reformation are made, a continuance of confinement to a longer period in some instances than is now assigned, can scarcely be considered an act of severity to the prisoners, and must inevitably prove beneficial to society.—
Forbearing to present more specific views of this subject, to the leville of the second several contents. this subject to the legislature, with whom, if thought expedient, they will more properly and naturally originate, the suggestion is most dience to constitutional power, the danger of the interposition of the military, is, happily intered age in which we limit to the laws, as would require the interposition of the military, is, happily not to be anticipated. Not the interposition of the military, is, happily not to be anticipated. espectfully made, believing it altogether con-

tirely adapted to the sentiments of the enlightened age in which we live.

The annual report required by law from the directors is herewith submitted, and affords a gratifying view of the concerns, management and future prospects of the institution.

The great reduction in the prices of agricultural products, by which the income of each individual in an agricultural community, is much diminished, causes every requisition is much diminished, causes every requisition made upon them to defray the public charges, to be sensibly felt, and demands a diligen enquiry, how far the public expenditures can be safely and usefully curtailed. The assessments for county charges, are most onerous upon the people, and as they are imposed up-on each county levy, it will become necessary to examine into the condition of each, to establish a general system. The officers & agents imployed by government, should be reduced to the smallest number that can discharge ne public duties; a greater number than this s a formidable evil. Exclusive of the increase f expense, the public business is often not so well done by many as by a few, and the pa-tronage of the higher, and inferior branches of

the government ought to be limited.

No maxim is more sound than that the fewer officers we have, the more distinct we render responsibility, and the less are the incentives to those combinations, intrigues and corruptions, which a lust for office, and a multiplicity of officers occasion. Where the number of county officers appointed by the execuway such discretion. & to limit the number in could be introduced in the support of the poor, and how far a reduction could be made in those expenses of our courts of justice, which fall upon the respective counties, would be worthy of your attention, and might produce the most salutary results. The statements annually made to the legislature from the county court offices, would give much aid in this enquiry; and these, together with the general information possessed by each member, might lead to an investigation, and an improved system of things, that would facilitate the

discharge of the public business and greatly reduce the burthens upon the people.

Applications are occasionally made to the executive by the deputies of the chief law officer of the trees. eer of the state, to employ auxiliary counsel, in important criminal prosecutions, to vindicate and enforce the penal statutes; and instances are not wanting where the executive, in the exercise of its discretion, has yielded to such requests. A doubt has arisen how far

a species of despotic power, that power ought always to be regulated wit jealousy. It is salutary to prevent all clashing in the discharge of official duties, by defining the course and duties of all public officers; and the diminution

The services of all discretion is the exercise of diciary, well selected, and rendered independent by the tenure of office, will afford an independent of officers and the discharge convulsions that can endanger the stability of covernment, or the peace and welfare of society.

We have the honour to be, your obedient of Executive patronage and discretion, is not only a great relief to that branch of the government, but may be a happy protection to the people against possible abuse.

The office of Attorney General is one of highest heavy and consideration in the State.

highest honor and consideration in the State. If it has no fixed salary annued to it, it is an office of influential patronage, and ought to be once or influential patronage, and onght to be regarded as one of special responsibility; it is, certainly, a station directly leading the incumbent into the way to fame and wealth. Whether the aid to be given to the deputies appointed by the Attorney General, is to proceed from the Executive at their discretion from whom large additional fees are always expected. whom large additional fees are always expected or ex-officio, from the Attorney General, who is represented in the several Courts by his own deputed professional agents, is suggested as a question, not altogether unworthy of the attenion of the Legislature.

The condition of the public arms in their several locations is a matter that needs the contineral locations is a matter that needs the contin-ued and vigilant enquiry of the Legislature. The public his expended a large sum of mo-ney in arms; and, exclusive of the pecuniary interest felt, these arms constitute an imporcant and necessary appendage to the State.

The Militia System of the State has become generally inoperative; as the public sense and public convenience seem to decide against it Militia musters, as directed by law, have had little effect to make soldiers, or to instruct the citizens in military knowledge. The day allotted to them are rather injurious to the time, the labour and the merals of the committee, the labour and the merals of the committee. Such is our situation in relation to all the committee. time, the labour and the murals of the commi-nity. Such is our situation, in relation to all foreign powers, and such has been the precu-tionary wisdom of the Federal Government in tionary wisdom of the Federal Government in erecting fortifications and defences on our auritime frontier that there is little danger of sudden invasion. Enjoying a government of mild and wholesome rule, whose laws eminite from the immediate representatives of the great body of the people, who justly hold as effectual check over them; and devoted as all the preservation of order, and due obs. are to the preservation of order, and due ob. the interposition of the military, is, happir, not to be anticipated. Nor does there seem to not to be anticipated. Nor does there seem to be any demand for a disciplined militia, except in the possible event of 'insurrection' for which the volunteer corps that might be encouraged, in the cities and county town, would be amply sufficient. The law now in existence, imposing penalties for neglect of military duties, and upon those who are conscientiously scrupulous of performing series. scientiously scrupulous of performing such duties, having become in-operative, it is with great respect submitted, whether they ought not to be repealed, with such a substitution of volunteer corps, and such a general organiza-tion of the militia as would annually give a view of the effective force of the State, without the imposition of unnecessary and useless tra-tion upon the time and industry of the people The annual statement from the Treasurer

will present to you an account of the finances will present to you an account of the finances of the State,—a complete view of the receipt and expenditures of the year The Department of the Treasury being entirely un-connected with the Executive, we can give no other account of its condition, than what we have received from the able officer who precides over it, and he has informed us that the deficit is not so great as it was the last year. The not so great as informed us that the deficit is not so great as it was the last year. That there should be any deficiency in the Treasury is a matter deeply to be deplored, & is a subject that will press most importunately upon the attention of the Legislature. The public credit is invaluable and ought to be cherished and maintained with the most scrupulous care.

The necessary expenditures of the great statement of the second of th

The necessary expenditures of the governnent & those appropriations which the patrious orethought of the Legislature may have con-sidered as assential to the great interest of the State, ought to be provided for out of per-manent funds. Nor is it less necessary in farther contributions of every sort, that the Gen-eral Assembly should direct proper sources of eral Assembly should direct proper sources of revenue to be provided in time to guard against pressure upon the ordinary income, and to avert as far as practicable, every thing like deficiency: to affect which a precautionary estimates of the control of the con imate of means would well preceed every measure of additional appropriation. To the Legislative body exclusively, the constitution as prudently intrusted the appropriations of the public money, and most fortunately, to that branch of it whose members are annually that branch of it whose members are annually called into existence by the renewed expression of the popular voice. This trust constitutes their chief duty, as nothing tends more to the happiness of a people than to leave them in the undisturbed enjoyment of the greatest possible portion of their yearly income, from whatever source it may be derived. Such is the distinguishing character of our political and six tinguishing character of our political and ci-vil institutions, and such the enviable condition of our people, that they require but little law to regulate them. A multiplicity of laws is an incalculable mischief; it obscures that which ought ever to be plain, and embarresses what the intelligence of the people ought easiy to penetrate,

To preserve the simplicity of our institutions We have the honour to be, your obediest

DANIEL MARTIN. PENNSYLVANIA GLADES BUTTER Boo pd. Superior Keg Butter,
Best White Wheat Femily Flor
Fresh Roll Butter, daily expect
Malaga Grapes, in nice order,
Malaga Bunch Raisins,
Sante Currants,
Fresh Prunca, Turkey Figs,
Havanna Oranges.

servants,

Havanna Oranges, Lisbon Lemons, Bordeaux Almonds, Borteaux Almonds, English Walnuts, Soft Shell Filberts, Madeira Wine in Bottles, Vintage of 1824, Do do in Wood de India Madeira in Bottles, very eld, "India Mateira in Bottles, very eld, Champaign
Lisbon, Scicily, Cette and Claret Wines, Choice Cognae Brandy, 12 years old, Jo do do sie, Green Commented to the State of the Comment of the State of th

JOHN WILL NOT Por Bale by

Maryland Cazette. ANNAPOLIS:

Thursday, January 7, 1830.

Divine Service Will be performed in SAINT MARY church on Sundy next, God willing, by Rev. Dot'r Smith, of White Marsh, Prin George's county.

At the annual meeting of the taxables this city held under the provisions of the a to provide for the public instruction of you in Primary Schools in this state, on Saturd 2d inst. SAMUEL RIDOUT was called to t Chair, and Lewis NETH was appointed Cle

pro tem.

A majority of the taxables not being present, the meeting was unable to proceed the regular business, and therefore

Resolved, That the trustees be requested prepare a memorial to the General Assemble of the Province to the formula to t

praying a repeal of the Proviso to the fir section of the Act of December session 182 ch. 169, and procure the signatures of the c tizens thereto.

The trustees, at the request of the meeting then read the report of their proceedings; and the meeting adjourned to the last Monday is March next.
SAMUEL RIDOUT, Chairman.

Test. Lewis NETH, Clerk.

The Trustees of Primary School District The Trustees of Primary School District No. 38, in Anne-Arundel county, beg leav to lay before their fellow-citizens assemble at this meeting, a brief report of their proceedings since the last annual meeting. They have erected a conv. School-Hous by contract with Jerey Boyd, for the gross sum of The cost of the whole lot of ground nurchased; for principal and in-

purchased; for principal and in-terest, amounted to the sum of 8314 11

But this lot proving to be sat this for proving to be of greater extent than was necessary for the purposes of the school, they agreed to convey the superfluous part to J. L. Boyd at its original cost, in part payment of his contract for building the base. On this account there for building the house; ,

Leaving as the actual cost of the And they have expended for stationary, fuel, and incidental expenses,

Making a total of expenses of \$1,588 174
They have actually expended for stationary, fuel, &c. 203 544 stationary, fuel, &c. 2015 541
For the part of the lot retained, On acc't. of contract for building house. building house, 652 18

940 351 Leaving a balance due on contract for building house, but not yet payable, of 647 82 The tax of \$1000 voted to be raised in 1828, has netted to the

They have received on account of

trustees

tax for 1829, And for costs of suit vs. E. Wil-There expenditures amounting as before stated, to 940 351

Leaves in their hands a balance of 51 411 The trustees recommend that a tax of eight cents on every hundred dollars of assessable property be voted for the support of the school for the ensuing year. This tax will

8300 51 411

881 414

747 82

8134 594

435 89

300

666 67

869 2

The trustees have in hand And the balance of the tax for 1829
is estimated at Making an aggregate revenue of Which will be applicable to the payment of the balance due J.

. Boyd on his contract for building,
And contingent expenses
estimated at 647 82 100

Leaving a surplus of

The dividend allotted to this district at the late apportionment of the school fund of the county, amounted to The dividend for 1830 is estimat-

there is claimed on the fcontract between the late Mr. Roe and the trustees, 41 67 the trustees,
The salary of the present teacher for six months, from 1st October 1829

to lat April 1830, at at 8500 pr. annum, mounts to 250 And for nine months to let Jan. 1831, 375

Sarplas of this fund,

Having fine disposed of all matters of account relating to their trust, they will briefly arrite their other proceedings.

In July last they entered into an agreement p